beneficiaries in Class (3) who have been in the employ of the testator for five years or more. No duty is payable on legacies for religious, charitable or educational purposes in Quebec and the same privilege is extended to legacies for similar work outside the Province, provided that the Province or State within which the work is to be carried out extends reciprocal privileges under its succession duty laws.

	Aggregate Net Value	Dominion Duty			Provincial Duty			Combined
Class		Dutiable Value	Rate	Duty	Dutiable Value	Rate	Duty	Duties
	s	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$
A. Widow only	20,000 25,000 50,000 100,000 300,000	Nil 5,000 30,000 80,000 280,000	2·45 4·90 7·35 13·35	1,470-00 5,880-00	50,000 100,000	2.80 3.00 4.00 8.00 12.00	560-00 750-00 2,000-00 8,000-00 36,000-00	872.50 3,470.00 13,880.00
	500,000 1,000,000	480,000	16·35 19·35	78,480-00		$15 \cdot 50 \\ 23 \cdot 00$	77,500.00	
B. Only child over 18	$\begin{array}{r} 20,000\\ 25,000\\ 50,000\\ 100,000\\ 300,000\\ 500,000\\ 1,000,000\end{array}$	25,000 50,000 100,000		725-00 2,700-00 8,350-00 43,050-00 86,750-00	25,000 50,000 100,000 300,000	15.50	8,000.00 36,000.00 77,500.00	1,475.004;700.0016,350.0079,050.00
C. Brother or sister	20,000 25,000 50,000 100,000 300,000 500,000 1,000,000	50,000 100,000 300,000	6.35 9.35 15.35 18.35	3,175.00 9,350.00 46,050.00 91,750.00	25,000 50,000 100,000 300,000	16.00 19.00 21.67	$\begin{array}{c} 1,560\cdot 00\\ 2,125\cdot 00\\ 6,000\cdot 00\\ 16,000\cdot 00\\ 57,000\cdot 00\\ 108,350\cdot 00\\ 283,300\cdot 00\end{array}$	2,975-00 9,175-00 25,350-00 103,050-00 200,100-00
D. Stranger	$\begin{array}{r} 20,000\\ 25,000\\ 50,000\\ 100,000\\ 300,000\\ 500,000\\ 1,000,000\end{array}$	50,000 100,000 300,000	16.35	3,675.00 10,350.00 49,050.00 96,750.00	25,000 50,000 100,000 300,000	14.50 17.00 22.00 25.75 28.25	$\begin{array}{c} 2,800\cdot 00\\ 3,625\cdot 00\\ 8,500\cdot 00\\ 22,000\cdot 00\\ 77,250\cdot 00\\ 142,250\cdot 00\\ 345,000\cdot 00\end{array}$	4,600.00 12,175.00 32,350.00 126,300.00 239,000.00

13The Incidence of Dominion and	Quebec Succession	Duties on Typical Estates
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Ontario.—Succession duties were first instituted in 1892 by c. 6 of the Statutes of that year. The current legislation is c. 1 of 1939 (Second Session) as amended, and full information may be obtained on application to the Succession Duty Office, Treasury Department, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

Beneficiaries are divided into three classes, as follows:---

- (1) Widow; child; husband; parent; grandparent; grandchild; son- or daughter-in-law.
- (2) Brother; sister; nephew; niece; uncle; aunt; cousin; child of nephew or niece.
- (3) Others.

No duty is payable on estates not exceeding \$5,000 in aggregate value, nor on estates not exceeding \$25,000 devised to persons in Class (1), nor on those not exceeding \$10,000 devised to persons in Class (2). Where the aggregate value of an estate does not exceed \$25,000 the shares in such an estate passing to beneficiaries in Class (1) are exempt from duty. The same rule applies to shares of beneficiaries in